METHODS OF DIAGNOSING LIVER FIBROSIS

ABSTRACT OF THE INVENTION

The present invention provides a method of

5 diagnosing the presence or severity of liver fibrosis in
an individual by detecting α2-macroglobulin (α2-MG) in a
sample from the individual; detecting hyaluronic acid
(HA) in a sample from the individual; detecting tissue
inhibitor of metalloproteinases-1 (TIMP-1) in a sample

10 from the individual; and diagnosing the presence or
severity of liver fibrosis in the individual based on the

presence or level of $\alpha 2$ -MG, HA and TIMP-1.